CLAIM FOR INTERCOUNTY TRANSFER OF BASE YEAR VALUE TO REPLACEMENT PROPERTY FROM PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE DAMAGED OR DESTROYED IN A GOVERNOR-DECLARED DISASTER

A. REPLACEMENT PROPE	RTY:			
ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER				
PROPERTY ADDRESS		CITY	~	
DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRICE	RÉCORDER'S DO	CUMENT NUMBER	
DATE OF COMPLETION OF NEW CONSTRUCTION		COST OF NEW CO	COST OF NEW CONSTRUCTION	
Is this property your principal	place of residence?	1		
B. ORIGINAL (FORMER) PI	ROPERTY:			
ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER		DATE OF DISASTE	ER	
PROPERTY ADDRESS		CITY	COUNTY	
Was this property your princip	pal place of residence?			
NOTE: You must attach a codisaster.	ppy of the original property's latest tax b	ill and any supplemental tax bill(s	) issued before the date of the	
Vas there any new construct If <b>Yes</b> , please explain:	ion to the original property between the c	ate of those tax bill(s) and the date	e of disaster?	
	A PS			
C. CLAIMANT INFORMATION	ON			
NAME OF CLAIMANT	0			
true, correct, and complete Additionally, if this form is	penalty of the laws of the State of to the best of my knowledge and be submitted with an electronic signatu	elief. re, I also certify (or declare) un	der penalty of perjury under	
	alifornia that the foregoing, and all in ct, and complete to the best of my kn	•	y accompanying statements	
SIGNATURE OF CLAIMANT		DATE		
MAILING ADDRESS		DAYTIME PHONE N	UMBER	
CITY, STATE, ZIP		EMAIL ADDRESS	EMAIL ADDRESS	

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

California law allows any individual or individuals who reside in an original property (i.e., principal place of residence) to transfer the base year value of the original property that has been substantially damaged of destroyed by a disaster to a replacement property (i.e., principal place of residence) **of equal or lesser value** in another county that has adopted an ordinance allowing such transfers. The following requirements must be met:

- the disaster must be a major misfortune or calamity in an area subsequently proclaimed by the Governor to be in a state of disaster as a result of the misfortune or calamity;
- 2. the replacement property must have been acquired or newly constructed within three years after the date of the disaster (including land);
- 3. a claim for relief must be filed within three years after the replacement property is acquired or newly constructed.

Property is substantially damaged if the land or the improvements sustain physical damage amounting to more than 50 percent of its full cash value immediately prior to the disaster.

In general, "equal or lesser value" means the fair market value of a replacement property on the date of purchase or completion of construction does not exceed:

- 1. 105 percent of full cash value or fair market value of the original property immediately prior to the date of disaster if a
  replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the *first year* following the date of the damage or destruction
  of the original property;
- 110 percent of full cash value or fair market value of the original property immediately prior to the date of disaster if a
  replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the second year following the date of the damage or destruction
  of the original property; or
- 115 percent of full cash value or fair market value of the original property immediately prior to the date of disaster if a
  replacement property is purchased or newly constructed within the *third year* following the date of the damage or destruction
  of the original property.

TRANSFERS BETWEEN COUNTIES ARE ALLOWED *ONLY* IF THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE REPLACEMENT PROPERTY IS LOCATED HAS PASSED AN AUTHORIZING ORDINANCE.

The acquisition of an ownership interest in a legal entity that, directly or indirectly, owns real property is not an acquisition of replacement property under the law.