

# HYGIENE TECHNOLOGIES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

# APPENDIX A



CLIENT: California State Board of Equalization  
450 N Street  
Sacramento, California 94279

TABLE 20804001-01  
AIRBORNE TOTAL FUNGI RESULTS  
1<sup>ST</sup> FLOOR  
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA  
APRIL 9, 2008

Page 1

## Results reported in spores per cubic meter of air (spores/M<sup>3</sup>)

SAMPLE NUMBER	20804001-TM01GUTCI	20804001-TM02CI	20804001-TM03CI	20804001-TM04CI
SAMPLING LOCATION/ACTIVITIES	Outside, about 25 feet east of building, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Room 167, about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Reception area, about five feet above floor, Room 177, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Room 101, about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only
START/STOP	09:30:00/09:35:00	10:05:00/10:10:00	10:00:00/10:05:00	10:20:00/10:25:00
SAMPLE TIME	5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes
Alternaria	13		13	
Arthrimum				
Ascospores		107	53	
Aureobasidium				
Basidiospores	533	373	320	107
Bipolaris/Drechslera group			13	
Botrytis				
Chaetomium				
Cladosporium	373	160	320	
Curvularia				
Epicoccum				
Nigrospora				
Oidium	13		13	
Other colorless				13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	2,350	640	853	267
Pithomyces				
Rusts			13	
Smuts (Periconia, Myxomycetes)			27	
Stachybotrys				13
Stemphylium				
Torula				
Ulocladium				
Hyphal fragments	67	13	53	27
Background debris*	3+	2+	2+	2+
<b>TOTAL**</b>	<b>3,282</b>	<b>1,280</b>	<b>1,625</b>	<b>400</b>

Background debris is an indication of the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide and is graded (from least to greatest) as 1+ to 4+.

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1<sup>ST</sup> FLOOR  
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA  
APRIL 9, 2008

Page 2

Results reported in spores per cubic meter of air (spores/M<sup>3</sup>)

SAMPLE NUMBER	20804001-TM05CL	20804001-TM06CL	20804001-TM07CL	20804001-TM08OUTCL
SAMPLING LOCATION/ACTIVITIES	Room 108, about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Room 110, about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Room 111, about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only	Outdoors, about 25 feet east of building, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only
START/STOP	14:15:00/14:20:00	14:23:00/14:28:00	14:30/14:35:00	14:45:00/14:50:00
SAMPLE TIME	5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes	5 minutes
Alternaria			13	
Arthrinium				
Ascospores				107
Aureobasidium				
Basidiospores			107	213
Bipolaris/Drechslera group				
Botrytis				
Chaetomium				13
Cladosporium	53	53		427
Curvularia				
Epicoccum				
Nigrospora				
Other brown				80
Other colorless				13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	53		107	1,920
Pithomyces				
Rusts	13			147
Smuts (Periconia, Myxomycetes)			13	
Stachybotrys				
Stemphylium				
Torula				13
Ulocladium				
Hyphal fragments	13	<13	<13	93
Background debris*	1+	1+	1+	3+
TOTAL**	119	53	240	2,933

Background debris is an indication of the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide and is graded (from least to greatest) as 1+ to 4+.

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SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA  
APRIL 9, 2008

Page 3

Results reported in spores per cubic meter of air (spores/M<sup>3</sup>)

SAMPLE NUMBER	20804001-TM09CL			
SAMPLING LOCATION/ACTIVITIES	Room 106 about center, approximately five feet above floor/Sampling activities only			
START/STOP	15:15:00/15:20:00			
SAMPLE TIME	5 minutes			
Alternaria				
Arthrinium				
Ascospores				
Aureobasidium				
Basidiospores	160			
Bipolaris/Drechslera group				
Botrytis				
Chaetomium				
Cladosporium	63			
Curvularia				
Epicoccum				
Nigrospora				
Oidium				
Other brown	13			
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	160			
Pithomyces				
Rusts				
Smuts (Periconia, Myxomycetes)				
Stachybotrys				
Stemphylium				
Torula				
Ulocladium				
Hyphal fragments	13			
Background debris*	4+			
<b>TOTAL**</b>	<b>386</b>			

Background debris is an indication of the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the slide and is graded (from least to greatest) as 1+ to 4+.

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CLIENT: California State Board of Equalization  
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TABLE 20804001-2  
SURFACE FUNGAL GROWTH POTENTIALS  
1<sup>ST</sup> FLOOR  
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA  
APRIL 9, 2008

Page 1

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLING LOCATION	AMORPHOUS DEBRIS	MISCELLANEOUS FUNGI/POLLEN	FUNGI SEEN WITH UNDERLYING MYCELIAL AND/OR SPORULATING STRUCTURES**	OTHER COMMENTS	GENERAL IMPRESSION
20804001-TL01CL	Room 107; northern perimeter window frame; about center; approximately three inches above floor; from vertical surface of metal	Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-TL02CL	Room 105; northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; approximately one inch above floor; from vertical surface of metal	Moderate	Very few	<1 <i>Cladosporium</i> species (spores, hyphae)	None	Minimal mold growth
20804001-TL03CL	Room 108; northern perimeter window frame; about five feet west of eastern partition wall; approximately two inches above floor; from vertical surface of metal	Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-TL04CL	Room 106; northern perimeter window frame; about center; approximately one inch above floor; from vertical surface of metal	Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-S01CL	Room 105; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Moderate	Very few	<1+ brown hyphae with no associated spores, ID unknown (hyphae)	None	Minimal fungal growth
20804001-S02CL	Room 107; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping

\* Includes basidiospores (mushroom spores), myxomycetes, plant pathogens such as ascospores, rusts and smuts, and a mix of saprophytic genera with no particular spore type predominating (indicative of normal trapping).

\*\*Quantities of fungi are graded (from least to greatest) as <1+ to 4+.

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APRIL 9, 2008

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SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLING LOCATION	AMORPHOUS DEBRIS	MISCELLANEOUS FUNGI/POLLEN	FUNGI SEEN WITH UNDERLYING MYCELIAL AND/OR SPORULATING STRUCTURES**	OTHER COMMENTS	GENERAL IMPRESSION
20804001-S03CL	Room 108; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-S04CL	Room 110; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about one foot east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-S05CL	Room 111; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
20804001-S06CL	Room 106; floor; about six inches south of northern perimeter window frame; about five feet east of western partition wall; from reverse side of carpet tile	Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping

\* Includes basidiospores (mushroom spores), myxomycetes, plant pathogens such as ascospores, rusts and smuts, and a mix of saprophytic genera with no particular spore type predominating (indicative of normal trapping).

\*\*Quantities of fungi are graded (from least to greatest) as <1+ to 4+.



**EMLab P&K**

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Report for:

**Mr. Wes Frey**  
**Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.: Northern California**  
3127 Bowen Island Street  
West Sacramento, CA 95691

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Regarding:      Project: 20804001  
                      EML ID: 409357

Approved by:

Lab Manager  
Dr. Kamashwaran Ramanathan

Dates of Analysis:  
Direct microscopic exam (Qualitative): 04-10-2008  
Spore trap analysis: 04-10-2008

Project SOPs: Direct microscopic exam (Qualitative) (I100005), Spore trap analysis (I100000)

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This coversheet is included with your report in order to comply with AIHA and ISO accreditation requirements.

For clarity, we report the number of significant digits as calculated; but, due to the nature of this type of biological data, the number of significant digits that is used for interpretation should generally be one or two. All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. Due to the nature of the analyses performed, field blank corrections of results is not a standard practice. The results relate only to the items tested.

EMLab P&K ("the Company") shall have no liability to the client or the client's customer with respect to decisions or recommendations made, actions taken or courses of conduct implemented by either the client or the client's customer as a result of or based upon the Test Results. In no event shall the Company be liable to the client with respect to the Test Results except for the Company's own willful misconduct or gross negligence nor shall the Company be liable for incidental or consequential damages or lost profits or revenues to the fullest extent such liability may be disclaimed by law, even if the Company has been advised of the possibility of such damages, lost profits or lost revenues. In no event shall the Company's liability with respect to the Test Results exceed the amount paid to the Company by the client therefor.

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Document Number: 200091 - Revision Number: 5

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
Northern California  
C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY**

Location:	20804001-TM01OUTCL	20804001-TM02CL	20804001-TM03CL	20804001-TM04CL	20804001-TM05CL					
Comments (see below)	None	None	None	None	None					
Lab ID-Version‡:	1798025-1	1798026-1	1798027-1	1798028-1	1798029-1					
	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3
Alternaria	1	13			1	13				
Arthrinium										
Ascospores*			2	107	1	53				
Aureobasidium										
Basidiospores*	10	533	7	373	6	320	2	107		
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					1	13				
Botrytis										
Chaetomium										
Cladosporium	7	373	3	160	6	320			1	53
Curvularia										
Epicoccum										
Fusarium										
Myrothecium										
Nigrospora										
Oidium	1	13			1	13				
Other brown										
Other colorless							1	13		
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†	44	2,350	12	640	16	853	5	267	1	53
Pithomyces										
Rusts*					1	13			1	13
Smuts*, Periconia, Myxomycetes*					2	27				
Stachybotrys							1	13		
Stemphylium										
Torula										
Ulocladium										
Zygomycetes										
Background debris (1-4+)††	3+		2+		2+		2+		1+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	67		13		53		27		13	
Pollen/m3	253		< 13		107		53		27	
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+		1+		1+		1+		1+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75		75	
<b>TOTAL SPORE/m3</b>		<b>3,282</b>		<b>1,280</b>		<b>1,625</b>		<b>400</b>		<b>119</b>

**Comments:**

\* Most of these spore types are not seen with culturable methods (Andersen sampling), although some may appear as non-sporulating fungi. Most of the basidiospores are "mushroom" spores while the rusts and smuts are plant pathogens.  
 † The spores of *Aspergillus* and *Penicillium* (and others such as *Acremonium*, *Paecilomyces*) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.  
 †† Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.  
 The Limit of Detection is the product of a raw count of 1 and 100 divided by the percent read. The analytical sensitivity (counts/m3) is the product of the Limit of Detection and 1000 divided by the sample volume.  
 ‡ A "Version" greater than 1 indicates amended data.

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
 Northern California  
 C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
 Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
 Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
 Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY**

Location:	20804001-TM06CL		20804001-TM07CL		20804001-TM08OUTCL		20804001-TM09CL	
Comments (see below)	None		None		None		None	
Lab ID-Version‡:	1798030-1		1798031-1		1798032-1		1798033-1	
	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3
Alternaria			1	13				
Arthrinium								
Ascospores*					2	107		
Aureobasidium								
Basidiospores*			2	107	4	213	3	160
Bipolaris/Drechslera group								
Botrytis								
Chaetomium					1	13		
Cladosporium	1	53			8	427	1	53
Curvularia								
Epicoccum								
Fusarium								
Myrothecium								
Nigrospora								
Oidium					6	80		
Other brown					1	13	1	13
Other colorless								
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†			2	107	36	1,920	3	160
Pithomyces								
Rusts*					11	147		
Smuts*, Periconia, Myxomycetes*			1	13				
Stachybotrys								
Stemphylium								
Torula					1	13		
Ulocladium								
Zygomycetes								
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+		1+		3+		4+	
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13		< 13		93		13	
Pollen/m3	13		13		453		40	
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+		2+		1+		3+	
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75		75	
<b>TOTAL SPORE/m3</b>		<b>53</b>		<b>240</b>		<b>2,933</b>		<b>386</b>

**Comments:**

\* Most of these spore types are not seen with culturable methods (Andersen sampling), although some may appear as non-sporulating fungi. Most of the basidiospores are "mushroom" spores while the rusts and smuts are plant pathogens.  
 † The spores of *Aspergillus* and *Penicillium* (and others such as *Acremonium*, *Paecilomyces*) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.  
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 ‡ A "Version" greater than 1 indicates amended data.

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
 Northern California  
 C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
 Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
 Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
 Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**MoldRANGE™: Extended Outdoor Comparison**

**Outdoor Location: 20804001-TM01OUTCL**

Fungi Identified	Outdoor data	Typical Outdoor Data by Date†				Typical Outdoor Data by Location‡			
		Month: April				State: CA			
	spores/m3	low	med	high	freq %	low	med	high	freq %
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>									
Alternaria	13	7	27	230	51	7	27	230	60
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	-	7	13	130	13	7	13	120	14
Chaetomium	-	7	13	110	13	7	13	110	19
Cladosporium	373	40	370	4,200	94	53	640	6,500	98
Curvularia	-	7	13	190	6	7	13	210	7
Nigrospora	-	7	13	93	7	7	13	170	8
Other brown	-	7	13	89	36	7	13	80	37
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	2,350	27	160	1,500	81	40	210	2,500	88
Stachybotrys	-	7	13	310	4	7	13	330	5
Torula	-	7	13	170	13	7	13	150	13
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>									
Ascospores	-	13	110	2,500	76	13	110	1,800	73
Basidiospores	533	13	240	5,300	91	13	270	6,900	95
Oidium	13	7	20	230	22	7	13	200	20
Rusts	-	7	20	240	26	7	13	270	29
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	-	7	38	430	63	8	40	470	71
<b>TOTAL SPORES/M3</b>	<b>3,282</b>								

† The Typical Outdoor Data by Date represents the typical outdoor spore levels across North America for the month indicated. The last column represents the frequency of occurrence. The low, medium, and high values represent the 2.5, 50, and 97.5 percentile values of the spore type when it is detected. For example, if the frequency of occurrence is 63% and the low value is 53, it would mean that the given spore type is detected 63% of the time and, when detected, 2.5% of the time it is present in levels above the detection limit and below 53 spores/m3. These values are updated periodically, and if enough data is not available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

‡ The Typical Outdoor Data by Location represents the typical outdoor spore levels for the region indicated for the entire year. As with the Typical Outdoor Data by Date, the four columns represent the frequency of occurrence and the typical low, medium, and high concentration values for the spore type indicated. These values are updated periodically, and if enough data is not available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

\*The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

\*\*These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor data" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. In addition, EMLab P&K may not have received and tested a representative number of samples for every region or time period. EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
 Northern California  
 C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
 Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
 Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
 Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**MoldRANGE™: Extended Outdoor Comparison**

**Outdoor Location: 20804001-TM08OUTCL**

Fungi Identified	Outdoor data	Typical Outdoor Data by Date†				Typical Outdoor Data by Location‡			
		Month: April				State: CA			
	spores/m3	low	med	high	freq %	low	med	high	freq %
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>									
Alternaria	-	7	27	230	51	7	27	230	60
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	-	7	13	130	13	7	13	120	14
Chaetomium	13	7	13	110	13	7	13	110	19
Cladosporium	427	40	370	4,200	94	53	640	6,500	98
Curvularia	-	7	13	190	6	7	13	210	7
Nigrospora	-	7	13	93	7	7	13	170	8
Other brown	13	7	13	89	36	7	13	80	37
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	1,920	27	160	1,500	81	40	210	2,500	88
Stachybotrys	-	7	13	310	4	7	13	330	5
Torula	13	7	13	170	13	7	13	150	13
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>									
Ascospores	107	13	110	2,500	76	13	110	1,800	73
Basidiospores	213	13	240	5,300	91	13	270	6,900	95
Oidium	80	7	20	230	22	7	13	200	20
Rusts	147	7	20	240	26	7	13	270	29
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	-	7	38	430	63	8	40	470	71
<b>TOTAL SPORES/M3</b>	<b>2,933</b>								

† The Typical Outdoor Data by Date represents the typical outdoor spore levels across North America for the month indicated. The last column represents the frequency of occurrence. The low, medium, and high values represent the 2.5, 50, and 97.5 percentile values of the spore type when it is detected. For example, if the frequency of occurrence is 63% and the low value is 53, it would mean that the given spore type is detected 63% of the time and, when detected, 2.5% of the time it is present in levels above the detection limit and below 53 spores/m3. These values are updated periodically, and if enough data is not available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

‡ The Typical Outdoor Data by Location represents the typical outdoor spore levels for the region indicated for the entire year. As with the Typical Outdoor Data by Date, the four columns represent the frequency of occurrence and the typical low, medium, and high concentration values for the spore type indicated. These values are updated periodically, and if enough data is not available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

\*The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

\*\*These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor data" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. In addition, EMLab P&K may not have received and tested a representative number of samples for every region or time period. EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
 Northern California  
 C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
 Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
 Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
 Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

**Outdoor Summary: 20804001-TM01OUTCL:**

Species detected	Outdoor sample spores/m3				Typical outdoor ranges (North America)	Freq. %
	<100	1K	10K	>100K		
Alternaria					7 - 27 - 380	54
Ascospores					13 - 160 - 4,200	76
Basidiospores					13 - 320 - 14,000	92
Cladosporium					40 - 530 - 8,400	94
Oidium					7 - 13 - 230	15
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					27 - 210 - 2,600	85
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					7 - 40 - 760	70
<b>Total</b>						

The "Typical outdoor ranges" and "Freq. %" columns show the typical low, medium, and high spore counts per cubic meter and the frequency of occurrence for the given spore type. The low, medium, and high values represent the 2.5, 50, and 97.5 percentile values when the spore type is detected. For example, if the low value is 53 and the frequency of occurrence is 63%, it would mean that we typically detect the given spore type on 63 percent of all outdoor samples and, when detected, 2.5% of the time it is present in levels below 53 spores/m3.

**Indoor Samples**

**Location: 20804001-TM02CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: 39%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6667	dF: 6 Result: 0.8286 Critical value: 0.7714 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 118 Result: Low
Species Detected	Spores/m3			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K
Ascospores				
Basidiospores				
Cladosporium				
Penicillium/Aspergillus types				
<b>Total</b>				

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
 Northern California  
 C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
 Re: 20804001

Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

**Location: 20804001-TM03CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 49%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.7143	dF: 9 Result: 0.6917 Critical value: 0.5833 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 113 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Alternaria					13
Ascospores					53
Basidiospores					320
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					13
Cladosporium					320
Oidium					13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					853
Rusts					13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					27
<b>Total</b>					1,625

**Location: 20804001-TM04CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 12%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.4444	dF: 7 Result: 0.4375 Critical value: 0.6786 Outside Similar: No	Score: 121 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Basidiospores					107
Other colorless					13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					267
Stachybotrys					13
<b>Total</b>					400

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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

**Location: 20804001-TM05CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 3%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.5000	dF: 6 Result: 0.4000 Critical value: 0.7714 Outside Similar: No	Score: 102 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Cladosporium					53
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					53
Rusts					13
<b>Total</b>					119

**Location: 20804001-TM06CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 1%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.3333	dF: 5 Result: 0.2750 Critical value: 0.8000 Outside Similar: No	Score: 103 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Cladosporium					53
<b>Total</b>					53

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Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
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 Date of Report: 04-10-2008

**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM07CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 7%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6667	dF: 6 Result: 0.5714 Critical value: 0.7714 Outside Similar: No	Score: 107 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Alternaria					13
Basidiospores					107
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					107
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					13
<b>Total</b>					<b>240</b>

Location: 20804001-TM09CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 11%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6667	dF: 6 Result: 0.8143 Critical value: 0.7714 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 110 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Basidiospores					160
Cladosporium					53
Other brown					13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					160
<b>Total</b>					<b>386</b>

\* The Friedman chi-square statistic is a non-parametric test that examines variation in a set of data (in this case, all indoor spore counts). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that there is no meaningful difference in the data for all indoor locations. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that there is a difference between the indoor locations. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.

\*\* An agreement ratio is a simple method for assessing the similarity of two samples (in this case the indoor sample and the outdoor summary) based on the spore types present. A score of one indicates that the types detected in one location are the same as that in the other. A score of zero indicates that none of the types detected indoors are present outdoors. Typically, an agreement of 0.8 or higher is considered high.

\*\*\* The Spearman rank correlation is a non-parametric test that examines correlation between two sets of data (in this case the indoor location and the outdoor summary). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that the indoor and outdoor samples are unrelated. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that the samples are similar. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
Northern California  
C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
Re: 20804001Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
Date of Report: 04-10-2008**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

\*\*\*\* MoldSCORE™ is a specialized method for examining air sampling data. It is a score between 100 and 300, with 100 indicating a greater likelihood that the airborne indoor spores originated from the outside, and 300 indicating a greater likelihood that they originated from an inside source. The Result displayed is based on the numeric score given and will be either Low, Medium, or High, indicating a low, medium, or high likelihood that the spores detected originated from an indoor source. EMLab P&K reserves the right to, and may at anytime, modify or change the MoldScore algorithm without notice.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor ranges" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. With the statistical analysis provided, as with all statistical comparisons and analyses, false-positive and false-negative results can and do occur. EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

**Outdoor Summary: 20804001-TM08OUTCL:**

Species detected	Outdoor sample spores/m3				Typical outdoor ranges (North America)	Freq. %
	<100	1K	10K	>100K		
Ascospores					13 - 160 - 4,200	76
Basidiospores					13 - 320 - 14,000	92
Chaetomium					7 - 13 - 120	13
Cladosporium					40 - 530 - 8,400	94
Oidium					7 - 13 - 230	15
Other brown					7 - 13 - 93	35
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					27 - 210 - 2,600	85
Rusts					7 - 14 - 310	23
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					7 - 40 - 760	70
Torula					7 - 13 - 160	12
<b>Total</b>						

The "Typical outdoor ranges" and "Freq. %" columns show the typical low, medium, and high spore counts per cubic meter and the frequency of occurrence for the given spore type. The low, medium, and high values represent the 2.5, 50, and 97.5 percentile values when the spore type is detected. For example, if the low value is 53 and the frequency of occurrence is 63%, it would mean that we typically detect the given spore type on 63 percent of all outdoor samples and, when detected, 2.5% of the time it is present in levels below 53 spores/m3.

**Indoor Samples**

**Location: 20804001-TM02CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: 43%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6154	dF: 9 Result: 0.8667 Critical value: 0.5833 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 130 Result: Low
Species Detected	Spores/m3			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K
Ascospores				
Basidiospores				
Cladosporium				
Penicillium/Aspergillus types				
<b>Total</b>				

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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM03CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 55%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6667	dF: 12 Result: 0.6381 Critical value: 0.4965 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 121 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Alternaria					13
Ascospores					53
Basidiospores					320
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					13
Cladosporium					320
Oidium					13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					853
Rusts					13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					27
<b>Total</b>					1,625

Location: 20804001-TM04CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 13%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.3077	dF: 11 Result: 0.2545 Critical value: 0.5273 Outside Similar: No	Score: 121 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
Basidiospores					107
Other colorless					13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types					267
Stachybotrys					13
<b>Total</b>					400

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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

**Location: 20804001-TM05CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: 4%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.5000	dF: 9 Result: 0.8083 Critical value: 0.5833 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 102 Result: Low
<b>Species Detected</b>		<b>Spores/m3</b>		
		<100	1K	10K
				>100K
Cladosporium		53		
Penicillium/Aspergillus types		53		
Rusts		13		
<b>Total</b>		<b>119</b>		

**Location: 20804001-TM06CL**

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)
Result: 1%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.2000	dF: 9 Result: 0.5917 Critical value: 0.5833 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 103 Result: Low
<b>Species Detected</b>		<b>Spores/m3</b>		
		<100	1K	10K
				>100K
Cladosporium		53		
<b>Total</b>		<b>53</b>		

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**MoldSTAT™: Supplementary Statistical Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM07CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 8%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.3077	dF: 11 Result: 0.2477 Critical value: 0.5273 Outside Similar: No	Score: 110 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
	Alternaria				13
	Basidiospores				107
	Penicillium/Aspergillus types				107
	Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes				13
	<b>Total</b>				<b>240</b>

Location: 20804001-TM09CL

% of outdoor total spores/m3	Friedman chi-square* (indoor variation)	Agreement ratio** (indoor/outdoor)	Spearman rank correlation*** (indoor/outdoor)	MoldSCORE**** (indoor/outdoor)	
Result: 13%	dF: 6 Result: 13.3750 Critical value: 12.5916 Inside Similar: No	Result: 0.6154	dF: 9 Result: 0.7042 Critical value: 0.5833 Outside Similar: Yes	Score: 114 Result: Low	
Species Detected		Spores/m3			
		<100	1K	10K	>100K
	Basidiospores				160
	Cladosporium				53
	Other brown				13
	Penicillium/Aspergillus types				160
	<b>Total</b>				<b>386</b>

\* The Friedman chi-square statistic is a non-parametric test that examines variation in a set of data (in this case, all indoor spore counts). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that there is no meaningful difference in the data for all indoor locations. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that there is a difference between the indoor locations. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.

\*\* An agreement ratio is a simple method for assessing the similarity of two samples (in this case the indoor sample and the outdoor summary) based on the spore types present. A score of one indicates that the types detected in one location are the same as that in the other. A score of zero indicates that none of the types detected indoors are present outdoors. Typically, an agreement of 0.8 or higher is considered high.

\*\*\* The Spearman rank correlation is a non-parametric test that examines correlation between two sets of data (in this case the indoor location and the outdoor summary). The null hypothesis (H0) being tested is that the indoor and outdoor samples are unrelated. The alternative hypothesis (used if the test disproves the null hypothesis) is that the samples are similar. The null hypothesis is rejected when the result of the test is greater than the critical value. The critical value that is displayed is based on the degrees of freedom (dF) of the test and a significance level of 0.05.

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Re: 20804001Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
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\*\*\*\* MoldSCORE™ is a specialized method for examining air sampling data. It is a score between 100 and 300, with 100 indicating a greater likelihood that the airborne indoor spores originated from the outside, and 300 indicating a greater likelihood that they originated from an inside source. The Result displayed is based on the numeric score given and will be either Low, Medium, or High, indicating a low, medium, or high likelihood that the spores detected originated from an indoor source. EMLab P&K reserves the right to, and may at anytime, modify or change the MoldScore algorithm without notice.

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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

**Outdoor Sample: 20804001-TM01OUTCL**

Fungi Identified	Outdoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3
	<100	1K	10K	>100K		
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>						
Alternaria					1	13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13
Chaetomium					ND	< 13
Cladosporium					7	373
Curvularia					ND	< 13
Nigrospora					ND	< 13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					44	2,350
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13
Torula					ND	< 13
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>						
Ascospores††					ND	< 13
Basidiospores††					10	533
Oidium					1	13
Rusts					ND	< 13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13
<b>Total</b>						<b>3,282</b>

**Location: 20804001-TM02CL**

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3
	<100	1K	10K	>100K		
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>						
Alternaria					ND	< 13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13
Chaetomium					ND	< 13
Cladosporium					3	160
Curvularia					ND	< 13
Nigrospora					ND	< 13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					12	640
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13
Torula					ND	< 13
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>						
Ascospores††					2	107
Basidiospores††					7	373
Rusts					ND	< 13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13
<b>Total</b>						<b>1,280</b>

MoldSCORE‡			
100	200	300	Score
			100
			100
			100
			100
			101
			100
			100
			100
			100
			100
			142
			118
			100
			100
<b>Final MoldSCORE</b>			<b>118</b>

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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

**Location:** 20804001-TM03CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE±			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					1	13				103
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					1	13				105
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					6	320				109
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					16	853				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					1	53				121
Basidiospores††					6	320				106
Oidium					1	13				103
Rusts					1	13				105
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					2	27				105
<b>Total</b>						<b>1,625</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 113</b>

**Location:** 20804001-TM04CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE±			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					ND	< 13				100
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Other colorless					1	13				105
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					5	267				100
Stachybotrys					1	13				121
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					2	107				104
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>400</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 121</b>

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Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM05CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				102
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					1	53				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					ND	< 13				100
Rusts					1	13				105
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>119</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 102</b>

Location: 20804001-TM06CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				103
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					ND	< 13				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					ND	< 13				100
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>53</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 103</b>

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
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Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

**Location:** 20804001-TM07CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					1	13				105
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					ND	< 13				100
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					2	107				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					2	107				107
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					1	13				103
<b>Total</b>						<b>240</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 107</b>

**Location:** 20804001-TM09CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				101
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Other brown					1	13				105
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					3	160				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					3	160				110
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>386</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 110</b>

Client: Hygiene Technologies International, Inc.:  
Northern California  
C/O: Mr. Wes Frey  
Re: 20804001Date of Sampling: 04-09-2008  
Date of Receipt: 04-10-2008  
Date of Report: 04-10-2008**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

\*The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

\*\*These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

†The spores of *Aspergillus* and *Penicillium* (and others such as *Acremonium*, *Paecilomyces*) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods.

††Most of these spore types are not seen with culturable methods (Anderson sampling), although some may appear as non-sporulating fungi. Most of the basidiospores are "mushroom" spores.

‡Rated on a scale from 100 to 300. A rating less than 150 is low and indicates a low probability of spores originating inside. A rating greater than 250 is high and indicates a high probability that the spores originated from inside, presumably from indoor mold growth. A rating between 150 and 250 indicates a moderate likelihood of indoor fungal growth. MoldSCORE is NOT intended for wall cavity samples. It is intended for ambient air samples in residences. Using the analysis on other samples (like wall cavity samples) will lead to misleading results.



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 Northern California  
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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM03CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡		
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>									
Alternaria	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Chaetomium	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Cladosporium	[Bar chart]				6	320	[Bar chart]		
Curvularia	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Nigrospora	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†	[Bar chart]				16	853	[Bar chart]		
Stachybotrys	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Torula	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>									
Ascospores††	[Bar chart]				1	53	[Bar chart]		
Basidiospores††	[Bar chart]				6	320	[Bar chart]		
Oidium	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Rusts	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††	[Bar chart]				2	27	[Bar chart]		
<b>Total</b>						<b>1,625</b>	<b>Final MoldSCORE 121</b>		

Location: 20804001-TM04CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡		
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>									
Alternaria	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Chaetomium	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Cladosporium	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Curvularia	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Nigrospora	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Other colorless	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†	[Bar chart]				5	267	[Bar chart]		
Stachybotrys	[Bar chart]				1	13	[Bar chart]		
Torula	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>									
Ascospores††	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Basidiospores††	[Bar chart]				2	107	[Bar chart]		
Rusts	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††	[Bar chart]				ND	< 13	[Bar chart]		
<b>Total</b>						<b>400</b>	<b>Final MoldSCORE 121</b>		

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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

Location: 20804001-TM05CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				102
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					1	53				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					ND	< 13				100
Rusts					1	13				103
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>119</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 102</b>

Location: 20804001-TM06CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE‡			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				103
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					ND	< 13				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					ND	< 13				100
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>53</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 103</b>

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**MoldSCORE™: Spore Trap Report**

**Location:** 20804001-TM07CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE <sup>‡</sup>			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					1	13				105
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					ND	< 13				100
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					2	107				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					2	107				110
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					1	13				103
<b>Total</b>						<b>240</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 110</b>

**Location:** 20804001-TM09CL

Fungi Identified	Indoor sample spores/m3				Raw count	Spores/m3	MoldSCORE <sup>‡</sup>			
	<100	1K	10K	>100K			100	200	300	Score
<b>Generally able to grow indoors*</b>										
Alternaria					ND	< 13				100
Bipolaris/Drechslera group					ND	< 13				100
Chaetomium					ND	< 13				100
Cladosporium					1	53				100
Curvularia					ND	< 13				100
Nigrospora					ND	< 13				100
Other brown					1	13				104
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†					3	160				100
Stachybotrys					ND	< 13				100
Torula					ND	< 13				100
<b>Seldom found growing indoors**</b>										
Ascospores††					ND	< 13				100
Basidiospores††					3	160				114
Rusts					ND	< 13				100
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes††					ND	< 13				100
<b>Total</b>						<b>386</b>				<b>Final MoldSCORE 114</b>

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**DIRECT MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION REPORT**  
 (Wet Mount)

Background Debris and/or Description	Miscellaneous Spores Present*	MOLD GROWTH: Molds seen with underlying mycelial and/or sporulating structures†	Other Comments††	General Impression
Lab ID-Version: 1798021-1: Tape sample 20804001-TL01CL				
Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798022-1: Tape sample 20804001-TL02CL				
Moderate	Very few	< 1+ <i>Cladosporium</i> species (spores, hyphae)	None	Minimal mold growth
Lab ID-Version: 1798023-1: Tape sample 20804001-TL03CL				
Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798024-1: Tape sample 20804001-TL04CL				
Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798015-1: Swab sample 20804001-S01CL				
Moderate	Very few	< 1+ brown hyphae with no associated spores, ID unknown (hyphae)	None	Minimal mold growth
Lab ID-Version: 1798016-1: Swab sample 20804001-S02CL				
Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798017-1: Swab sample 20804001-S03CL				
Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798018-1: Swab sample 20804001-S04CL				
Heavy	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping
Lab ID-Version: 1798019-1: Swab sample 20804001-S05CL				
Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping

Background Debris and/or Description	Miscellaneous Spores Present*	MOLD GROWTH: Molds seen with underlying mycelial and/or sporulating structures†	Other Comments††	General Impression
Lab ID-Version‡: 1798020-1: Swab sample 20804001-S06CL				
Moderate	Very few	None	None	Normal trapping

‡ A "Version" greater than 1 indicates amended data.