CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF EQUALIZATION APPEALS DIVISION FINAL ACTION SUMMARY

In the Matter of the Petition for Release of Seized)
Property Under the Cigarette and Tobacco)
Products Tax Law and the Cigarette and Tobacco)
Products Licensing Act of 2003 of:)
)
DUONG FAMILY INVESTMENT, INC.,) Account Number: LR Q STF 91-255241
dba Gas N Save/PDQ Mini Mart) Case ID 867934
)
Petitioner) Seaside, Monterey County

Type of Business: Gas station with mini mart

Seizure Date: March 2, 2015

Approximate Value: \$1,037.92¹

We have not held an appeals conference in this matter. This summary is prepared based on the information contained in the Petition, Reply to Petition of the Investigations and Special Operations Division (ISOD), and related documents. This matter was scheduled for decision on the Board's July 28, 2015 consent calendar, but was pulled from that calendar by Member George Runner. This matter has thus been rescheduled as an adjudicatory item.

UNRESOLVED ISSUE

Issue: Whether the tobacco products should be forfeited because they are described by Business and Professions Code section 22974.3, subdivision (b). We conclude that the tobacco products should be forfeited.

Petitioner, a corporation, owns and operates Gas N Save/PDQ Mini Mart located at 2000 Del Monte Boulevard, Seaside, California. Petitioner holds the cigarette and tobacco products retailer license listed above, and seller's permit SR GHC 100-431733, for this location. Petitioner does not hold a cigarette and tobacco products distributor or wholesaler license for this location.

On February 24, 2015, ISOD conducted the cigarette and tobacco products inspection at issue in this petition. Petitioner's employee, Vay Duong, was on the premises and authorized the inspection.

Duong Family Investment, Inc.

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¹ Consisting of 10 (8-count) boxes of Backwoods Sweet Bourbon cigars; 11 (8-count) boxes of Backwoods Sweet Aromatic cigars; and 5 (8-count) boxes of Backwoods Honey Berry cigars.

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ISOD found that petitioner's cigarette inventory was properly stamped. When ISOD requested purchase invoices for petitioner's eigarette and tobacco product purchases over the prior 12 months, Vay Duong contacted Vi Van Duong, petitioner's president, to find out where petitioner kept the purchase invoices. Ultimately, Vay Duong provided ISOD with a folder containing purchase invoices. ISOD determined that the tobacco product inventory at the business at the time of the inspection was supported by the provided purchase invoices. Vay Duong also informed ISOD that he purchased cigars from Florida Tobacco Shop, an unlicensed, online supplier. Vay Duong emailed to ISOD a copy of the Florida Tobacco Shop purchase invoice, which showed that the products were to be delivered on March 2, 2015.

On March 2, 2015, ISOD returned to the business and found that the tobacco products from Florida Tobacco Shop had been delivered. ISOD opened the package and found a portion of the original order of tobacco products. ISOD contacted Vi Van Duong, who stated that the other part of the order was delivered on February 25, 2015 and that he had taken the shipment to his home. ISOD requested that Vi Van Duong bring the package to the business, which he did. ISOD concluded that the products from Florida Tobacco Shop were untaxed.

ISOD seized the tobacco products from Florida Tobacco Shop and issued petitioner a Receipt for Property Seized and a Civil Citation for alleged violations of Business and Professions Code sections 22974, 22974.3, subdivision (b), and 22980.1, subdivision (d)(1). Subsequently, ISOD served petitioner with a Notice of Seizure and Forfeiture dated March 23, 2015, stating that tobacco products valued at \$1,037.92 were seized and are subject to forfeiture under Business and Professions Code section 22974.3. Petitioner submitted a verified petition dated March 30, 2015, for release of the seized tobacco products. Petitioner confirms the facts and asserts that Florida Tobacco Shop stated that it could "sell to California." Petitioner also states that when it received the first shipment on February 25, 2015, that it called ISOD and was instructed to take the shipment home and that it should return the product to Florida Tobacco Shop as soon as the second package arrived.

In its Reply to Petition, ISOD asserts that the petition should be denied because petitioner has not shown that tax has been paid on the tobacco products in question, and therefore petitioner has not shown that those products were erroneously or illegally seized.

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Business and Professions Code section 22974.3, subdivision (b), provides that, where a person holds tobacco products for which tax is due but such tax has not been paid, the untaxed tobacco products are subject to seizure and forfeiture, and that person bears the burden of proving the applicable taxes have been paid to the Board either by proof of such payment, or by a purchase invoice which complies with Business and Professions Code section 22978.4 and which shows that applicable taxes have been paid. Here, there is no dispute that petitioner possessed the tobacco products in question. Moreover, there is no dispute that petitioner purchased the tobacco products from Florida Tobacco Shop and that Florida Tobacco Shop is not a licensed wholesaler or distributor. Because petitioner was found possessing tobacco products, those products are presumed to be untaxed unless petitioner can prove otherwise. (Bus. & Prof. Code, § 22974.3, subd. (b).) Petitioner does not assert that the tobacco products were purchased tax paid, but instead asserts that it was not aware that Florida Tobacco Shop was not licensed and that it was going to return the products when the second shipment arrived, which happened to be the day ISOD returned to the business (having noted the expected shipment arrival from the purchase invoice). As for the shipment that was not at the business location when ISOD returned on March 2, 2015, once Vi Van Duong returned the tobacco products to the business location, they are presumed to be untaxed tobacco products and are subject to seizure. Based on the foregoing, we find that petitioner possessed untaxed tobacco products in violation of Business and Professions Code section 22974.3, subdivision (b), and we conclude that those products were properly seized and must be forfeited. Accordingly we recommend that the petition be denied.

Summary prepared by Chad T. Bacchus, Tax Counsel

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